

Name: _____ Date: _____

Answer Key: Among Us: Can You Survive the 3rd Grade Science Lab?

Gain the confidence to identify classroom hazards and apply proper safety habits through a series of challenging laboratory scenarios and equipment puzzles.

1. You see a classmate running toward a sink with a glass beaker while their shoelace is untied. What is the biggest safety concern here?

Answer: B) Tripping and breaking the glass

Running in the lab with untied laces and glass creates a high risk of tripping, falling, and suffering cuts from shattered containers.

2. If you spill a small amount of plain water on the table, you should tell your teacher immediately before cleaning it up.

Answer: A) True

Even if it 'just looks like water,' a teacher needs to confirm what it is and ensure it is cleaned up safely so nobody slips or ruins their work.

3. While observing a plant experiment, Maya notices a fellow student has very long hair hanging near a magnifying glass and bright sunlight. What should she suggest?

Answer: C) Tie the hair back

Tying back long hair prevents it from dangling into equipment, chemicals, or getting in the way of your vision during an investigation.

4. When you are finished with an experiment, the very last thing you should do after cleaning your desk is wash your _____.

Answer: C) Hands

Washing your hands with soap and water ensures that any invisible substances or germs from the lab are removed before you touch your face or eat.

5. If a piece of equipment, like a plastic ruler or a thermometer, breaks during your group Work, what is the first thing you should do?

Answer: C) Tell your teacher right away

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Teachers are trained to handle broken equipment safely. Trying to fix it or hide it could lead to someone getting cut by sharp edges.

6. You should only start an experiment after your teacher has given the 'go ahead' signal.

Answer: A) True

Waiting for instructions ensures you know the correct steps and avoids accidental reactions or mistakes with the tools.

7. To protect your eyes from flying objects or splashing liquids, you must always wear your _____.

Answer: C) Safety Goggles

Safety goggles are specifically designed to wrap around the eyes and provide protection from all angles, unlike regular glasses.

8. The science lab has a 'No Food or Drink' rule. Why is this rule important for scientists?

Answer: C) Lab materials could get on your food

In a lab, there may be chemicals or bacteria on the tables that could accidentally get onto your food or drink and make you sick.

9. If you are unsure how to use a tool like a balance or a microscope, you should _____.

Answer: B) Ask your teacher for help

Asking for help prevents you from damaging expensive equipment and ensures you get the correct data for your lesson.

10. It is okay to taste a leaf or a rock in the lab as long as it looks clean.

Answer: B) False

You should never put anything from the science lab in your mouth, as it could be poisonous or treated with chemicals that aren't visible.