

Name: _____ Date: _____

Cosmic Dawn & Quintessence: 12th Grade Galactic Evolution Quiz

How did the first quasars reshape the early universe? Synthesize concepts of nucleosynthesis, dark energy, and galactic morphology in this rigorous assessment.

1. The 'Great Attractor' is a gravitational anomaly that suggests our Local Group and the Laniakea Supercluster are being drawn toward a specific region in space. This phenomenon primarily illustrates which concept in modern cosmology?

- A. The uniform distribution of baryonic matter throughout the vacuum
- B. Large-scale structure formation driven by anisotropic mass distributions
- C. The localized reversal of the Hubble Flow due to dark energy depletion
- D. The steady-state theory of continuous matter creation

2. The epoch of _____ occurred approximately 380,000 years after the Big Bang, during which protons and electrons joined to form neutral hydrogen, allowing photons to travel freely through the universe.

- A. Reionization
- B. Nucleosynthesis
- C. Recombination
- D. Inflation

3. Observations of Type Ia supernovae in the late 1990s provided the first direct evidence that the expansion of the universe is decelerating due to the gravitational pull of dark matter.

- A. True
- B. False

4. Active Galactic Nuclei (AGN), such as those found in Seyfert galaxies, are powered by which mechanism?

- A. The simultaneous supernova explosions of Population III stars
- B. Friction within a protoplanetary disk surrounding a young pulsar
- C. Gravitational energy released by matter accreting onto a supermassive black hole
- D. Thermonuclear fusion occurring in the intergalactic medium

5. According to the Cold Dark Matter (CDM) model, galaxy formation follows a _____ process, where small fluctuations collapse first and merge to form larger structures over time.

- A. Top-down
- B. Hierarchical
- C. Monolithic
- D. Static

6. The Wilkinson Microwave Anisotropy Probe (WMAP) confirmed that the geometry of the universe is nearly 'flat,' meaning the density of the universe is very close to the critical density.

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- A. True
- B. False

7. What is the primary distinction between the 'Red Sequence' and 'Blue Cloud' populations in a color-magnitude diagram of galaxies?

- A. The presence of active star formation versus quiescent, older stellar populations
- B. The distance from the observer based on cosmological redshift levels
- C. The ratio of dark matter to baryonic matter within the galactic halo
- D. The difference between prograde and retrograde rotation of the galactic disk

8. The _____ limit defines the maximum mass a white dwarf can reach (approx. 1.4 solar masses) before collapsing, an event often leading to a Type Ia supernova used as a 'standard candle'.

- A. Schwarzschild
- B. Eddington
- C. Chandrasekhar
- D. Hawking

9. In the context of the Cosmic Web, what role do 'voids' play in the evolution of the universe?

- A. They act as sinks where dark energy is converted into dark matter
- B. They represent underdense regions that expand faster than the surrounding matter
- C. They are the only regions where Population III stars are still forming today
- D. They serve as gravitational anchors that prevent galaxy clusters from drifting

10. Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (BAO) are regular, periodic fluctuations in the density of the visible baryonic matter of the universe, serving as a 'standard ruler' for measuring cosmic expansion.

- A. True
- B. False