

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Key: Cite Right or Civil Fight? 11th Grade Research Ethics Quiz

Learn to vet high-level digital archives and master the nuances of Chicago and APA nuances used by investigative journalists and academic scholars.

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**1. You are examining a digital archive from the National Archives regarding the Manhattan Project. Which factor most strongly establishes this as a high-authority primary source for a research paper?**

**Answer:** A) The documents were recently declassified and contain original signatures.

Primary sources like original government records with signatures provide direct, uninterpreted evidence from the time period, ensuring high historical authority.

**2. In APA style, if you are citing a study by more than three authors (e.g., Garcia, Lee, Patel, and Thompson), the first in-text citation should be abbreviated to 'Garcia et al.' immediately.**

**Answer:** A) True

Current APA 7th Edition guidelines state that for works with three or more authors, you use 'et al.' starting with the very first in-text citation.

**3. When a researcher uses a specific database like JSTOR and finds a 'stable URL' or a \_\_\_\_\_, they should prioritize using the latter in their citation to ensure the link never breaks.**

**Answer:** B) Digital Object Identifier (DOI)

A DOI (Digital Object Identifier) is a unique, permanent string used to identify content and provide a persistent link to its location on the internet.

**4. While researching the impact of neoliberalism on urban planning, you find a white paper published by a private corporate think tank. Why must this source be evaluated with extra scrutiny?**

**Answer:** C) Organizational bias may influence the data to favor the group's economic interests.

Evaluating the 'why' behind a source is critical; organizations often have specific agendas that may lead to the cherry-picking of data.

**5. In Chicago Style (Notes and Bibliography), the abbreviation used in a footnote to refer to the exact same source mentioned in the immediately preceding note is \_\_\_\_\_.**

**Answer:** C) Ibid.

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Ibid. is short for 'ibidem,' meaning 'in the same place.' While some modern guides discourage it, it remains a standard feature of traditional Chicago style.

**6. Synthesis involves combining information from multiple sources to form a new, original argument rather than just summarizing one author's points at a time.**

**Answer:** A) True

Synthesis is a higher-order thinking skill where a researcher connects diverse perspectives to support their own unique thesis statement.

**7. You find a perfect quote in a secondary source (an essay by Dr. Aris) where they quote a primary source (a letter by James Baldwin). What is the most ethical way to cite this in MLA?**

**Answer:** C) Use the phrase 'qtd. in' followed by Dr. Aris's name in your parenthetical.

In MLA, when you cite a 'source within a source,' you use 'qtd. in' to accurately reflect that you did not see the primary document yourself.

**8. To narrow search results in a research database, a student should use \_\_\_\_\_ operators such as AND, OR, and NOT.**

**Answer:** B) Boolean

Boolean operators are the standard logic used to filter results in academic databases and search engines.

**9. Which of the following scenarios constitutes 'patchwriting,' a form of unintentional plagiarism often seen in student research?**

**Answer:** C) Deleting a few words and changing synonyms from an original text while keeping its structure.

Patchwriting occurs when a writer leans too heavily on the original source's grammar and structure, even if they swap some words for synonyms.

**10. When researching current scientific breakthroughs, a peer-reviewed journal article from 2008 is considered 'current' and 'timely.'**

**Answer:** B) False

In rapidly evolving fields like science and technology, data older than 5-10 years is often outdated; researchers must prioritize the most recent publications.