

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Key: Intercepting the Secret Letters of 1776: A 6th Grade Quiz

Learners verify their grasp of revolutionary causes and tactical shifts through a diverse mix of identification and recall challenges.

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**1. Which influential pamphlet was written by Thomas Paine to convince ordinary colonists that a complete break from the British monarchy was necessary?**

**Answer:** B) Common Sense

Thomas Paine's 'Common Sense' used simple language to explain why the colonies should seek independence, making it accessible to many people.

**2. Complete this sentence: To help pay for the French and Indian War, King George III and Parliament passed the \_\_\_\_\_, a tax on molasses and syrups imported to the colonies.**

**Answer:** C) Sugar Act

The Sugar Act of 1764 was one of the earliest taxes imposed on the colonies to help the British government recover costs from previous wars.

**3. True or False: Abigail Adams wrote letters to her husband John Adams urging him to 'remember the ladies' when forming a new government.**

**Answer:** A) True

Abigail Adams is famous for her letters advocating for women's rights and education during the founding of the United States.

**4. Which group of colonial protesters, organized by Samuel Adams, used civil disobedience and sometimes violence to fight back against British taxes?**

**Answer:** B) The Sons of Liberty

The Sons of Liberty were a secret society formed to protect the rights of the colonists and to fight British taxation.

**5. General \_\_\_\_\_ was a high-ranking American officer who famously switched sides and became a traitor by helping the British.**

**Answer:** B) Benedict Arnold

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

Benedict Arnold's name became a synonym for 'traitor' after he attempted to surrender the fort at West Point to the British.

**6. True or False: The Quartering Act allowed British soldiers to live in the homes of colonists and required the colonists to provide them with food.**

**Answer:** A) True

The Quartering Act was one of the many grievances that angered colonists because it forced them to house and feed foreign soldiers.

**7. Before the war began officially, what was the name of the meeting where 12 of the 13 colonies sent delegates to Philadelphia to discuss their complaints against the King?**

**Answer:** B) The First Continental Congress

The First Continental Congress met in 1774 to organize a unified response to the Intolerable Acts.

**8. Crispus Attucks is remembered in history as a hero and the first person killed during the \_\_\_\_\_, an event where British troops fired into a crowd.**

**Answer:** C) Boston Massacre

Crispus Attucks, a man of African and Native American descent, became a symbol of the revolution after his death in the Boston Massacre.

**9. True or False: A 'Loyalist' was someone who supported the American colonies' fight for independence from Britain.**

**Answer:** B) False

A Loyalist was someone who remained loyal to Britain and King George III, while a 'Patriot' was someone who supported independence.

**10. What was the name of the treaty that officially recognized the United States as an independent nation in 1783?**

**Answer:** D) Treaty of Paris

The 1783 Treaty of Paris formally ended the American Revolutionary War and defined the borders of the new United States.