

Name: _____ Date: _____

Answer Key: Who Holds the Scepter? 7th Grade Global Leadership Quiz

Students identify executive roles and power distribution across nations like Japan, Australia, and Mexico to build foundational comparative skills.

1. In Japan, the Emperor serves as the symbol of the state but holds no real political power. Which term best describes a leader with only ceremonial duties?

Answer: B) Head of State

A Head of State often represents a country's unity and tradition without managing the day-to-day operations of the government.

2. In a presidential system, such as in Mexico, the President is usually elected separately from the legislative branch.

Answer: A) True

Presidential systems feature a separation of powers where the executive is not chosen by the legislature.

3. In Australia's government, the _____ is the head of the executive branch and is a member of the majority party in Parliament.

Answer: C) Prime Minister

In parliamentary systems, the Prime Minister is the leader of the party with the most seats in the legislature.

4. Which of these countries uses a 'unitary' system, where the national government in the capital city makes most of the major laws for the whole country?

Answer: B) The Philippines

Unlike federal systems, the Philippines has a unitary structure where power is concentrated at the national level.

5. A system where power is shared between a strong central government and smaller regional governments (like states or provinces) is called a _____ system.

Answer: C) Federal

Federalism divides power to ensure that local regions have control over certain laws while the national government handles others.

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6. In an absolute monarchy, the citizens choose their leaders through a peaceful voting process every four years.

Answer: B) False

In an absolute monarchy, power is usually inherited and the monarch holds total control without elections.

7. The country of Kenya changed its constitution in 2010 to give more power to local counties. This move away from a single central power is an example of what process?

Answer: B) Decentralization

Decentralization happens when a central government transfers some of its authorities and responsibilities to local levels.

8. In many Southeast Asian countries like Vietnam, a _____ system is used where only one political party is legally allowed to run the government.

Answer: B) Single-party

Single-party systems limit political competition by ensuring one group maintains control of all government offices.

9. A 'Constitutional Monarchy' is a system where a king or queen must follow a set of written laws.

Answer: A) True

In countries like Spain or Japan, the monarch's powers are limited by a constitution and they often share power with elected officials.

10. Which of these is a major difference between a Democracy and an Autocracy?

Answer: C) Democracies protect individual rights and freedoms.

Democratic systems are built on the principle of protecting the rights and voices of the people, whereas autocracies focus power in one place.