

Name: _____ Date: _____

Crush the Chemical Code: 8th Grade Stoichiometry Challenge

Students calculate theoretical yields and analyze atomic ratios to solve complex conservation of mass puzzles using advanced mole-to-mass conversions.

1. A chemist ignites 10 grams of Magnesium (Mg) in a pressurized chamber filled with pure Oxygen (O₂). According to the Law of Conservation of Mass, which analytical result would most likely indicate an experimental error in the final white powder (MgO)?

- A. The mass of the product is exactly 10 grams.
- B. The mass of the product is greater than 10 grams.
- C. The product contains more oxygen atoms than the initial gas provided.
- D. The ratio of Mg to O atoms in the product is 1:1.

2. Consider the decomposition of Silver Oxide: $2\text{Ag}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 4\text{Ag} + \text{O}_2$. To produce exactly 2.0 moles of pure Silver (Ag), you must start with _____ mole(s) of Silver Oxide.

- A. 0.5 moles
- B. 1.0 moles
- C. 2.0 moles
- D. 4.0 moles

3. True or False: In a balanced chemical equation, the total number of moles of reactants must always equal the total number of moles of products.

- A. True
- B. False

4. An industrial engineer is producing Iron (Fe) from Hematite (Fe₂O₃) using Carbon Monoxide. If the engineer discovers the 'Yield' was only 75%, what does this imply about the stoichiometry?

- A. The balanced equation was incorrect.
- B. The molar mass of Iron changed during the reaction.
- C. The actual amount of Iron recovered was less than the calculated theoretical amount.
- D. The reaction used 75% more reactant than necessary.

5. Identify the 'Limiting Reactant': If you have 5 moles of Nitrogen (N₂) and 9 moles of Hydrogen (H₂) for the reaction $\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$, the reactant that will run out first is _____.

- A. Nitrogen (N₂)
- B. Hydrogen (H₂)
- C. Ammonia (NH₃)
- D. Neither; they are in perfect ratio.

6. Which of these samples contains the greatest number of individual atoms?

- A. 1 mole of pure Gold (Au)

Name: _____ Date: _____

- B. 1 mole of Water (H₂O)
- C. 1 mole of Methane (CH₄)
- D. All contain the same number of atoms.

7. True or False: If you know the molar mass of a compound is 180 g/mol, a 90-gram sample of that compound represents exactly 0.5 moles.

- A. True
- B. False

8. A balloon is filled with 12.044×10^{23} molecules of Helium gas. Based on Avogadro's number, this quantity is equal to ____ mole(s).

- A. 0.5 moles
- B. 1.0 moles
- C. 2.0 moles
- D. 4.0 moles

9. In the combustion of Glucose (C₆H₁₂O₆ + 6O₂ → 6CO₂ + 6H₂O), what is the specific molar ratio of Oxygen gas required to Water produced?

- A. 1:6
- B. 6:1
- C. 1:1
- D. 6:12

10. True or False: The molar mass of a molecule can be determined by solely looking at its atomic number on the Periodic Table.

- A. True
- B. False