

Name: _____ Date: _____

Answer Key: Be a Brave Change-Maker: Civil Rights Heroes Quiz for 2nd Grade

Apply your knowledge of fairness and justice to solve real problems and understand the peaceful protests that helped change American laws for everyone.

1. Ruby Bridges was only 6 years old when she helped change schools. What was her 'hard' job as a student?

Answer: B) She was the first Black student to go to an all-white school in her city.

Ruby Bridges showed bravery by integrating Frantz Elementary School, helping end the 'separate but equal' rule in schools.

2. In 1960, four college students sat at a 'whites-only' lunch counter at Woolworth's. This type of peaceful protest is called a ____.

Answer: B) Sit-in

A 'sit-in' is a peaceful way to protest by occupying an area and refusing to leave until a change is made.

3. True or False: During the Civil Rights Movement, 'non-violence' meant that protesters used words and peace instead of fighting back with their hands.

Answer: A) True

Leaders like Diane Nash and others taught that staying peaceful was the strongest way to show that laws were unfair.

4. Imagine a law says only people with blue shoes can use the park. Why would Civil Rights leaders call this an 'unjust law'?

Answer: B) Because laws should be the same for everyone, no matter what they wear or look like.

The movement focused on the idea of equality, meaning laws should treat every person fairly and equally.

5. Septima Clark was a teacher who helped adults learn to read so they could pass difficult tests to ____.

Answer: A) Vote

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In some places, unfair 'literacy tests' were used to stop Black people from voting. Septima Clark's Citizenship Schools helped them reclaim that right.

6. True or False: The Civil Rights Movement only happened in one city and lasted for only one week.

Answer: B) False

The movement involved thousands of people in many different states and lasted for many years.

7. Fannie Lou Hamer famous said she was 'sick and tired of being sick and tired.' What was she trying to change?

Answer: C) She wanted Black people to have a voice in choosing their leaders.

Fannie Lou Hamer was a leader who fought for voting rights and group representation in government.

8. A supporter of the movement who works with others to reach a goal is sometimes called an ____.

Answer: B) Ally

An ally is someone who helps and supports a group they may not be a part of to achieve justice.

9. What is the best way to describe 'activism' based on what you've learned?

Answer: B) Taking action and working with others to make a positive change.

Activism is about being active! It means using your voice and actions to fix problems in society.

10. True or False: Children were also part of the Civil Rights Movement, including the 'Children's Crusade' where they marched for their rights.

Answer: A) True

In Birmingham, Alabama, hundreds of children marched to help adults show that segregation was wrong.