

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Fractured Foundations: 9th Grade Civil War Analysis Quiz

Evaluate the legislative failures, shifting military ideologies, and constitutional crises that defined the mid-19th century American landscape.

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**1. Which socioeconomic factor most directly facilitated the 'King Cotton' diplomacy strategy used by the Confederacy early in the war?**

- A. The belief that British textile mills' dependency on Southern exports would force European intervention.
- B. The rapid industrialization of Richmond to compete with Northern manufacturing centers.
- C. A formal military alliance signed with France prior to the attack on Fort Sumter.
- D. The surplus of food crops in the South which ensured self-sufficiency during naval blockades.

**2. The \_\_\_\_ of 1866 was the first federal law to define citizenship and affirm that all citizens are equally protected by the law, predating the 14th Amendment.**

- A. Enforcement Act
- B. Civil Rights Act
- C. Reconstruction Act
- D. Tenure of Office Act

**3. The 'Hampton Roads Conference' was an unsuccessful 1865 peace negotiation where Lincoln refused to compromise on the abolition of slavery.**

- A. True
- B. False

**4. How did the platform of the 'Radical Republicans' differ most significantly from President Andrew Johnson's plan for Reconstruction?**

- A. They advocated for the immediate repayment of all Confederate war debts by the federal government.
- B. They sought to limit the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau to encourage self-reliance.
- C. They insisted on stringent requirements for Southern states' readmission and voting rights for Black men.
- D. They believed the Executive branch, not Congress, should hold the primary authority over Reconstruction.

**5. Which 1864 event served as a critical 'turning point' in terms of Northern public morale, ensuring Lincoln's re-election against the Peace Democrats?**

- A. The signing of the Wade-Davis Bill.
- B. The fall of Atlanta to General William T. Sherman.
- C. The drafting of the 15th Amendment.
- D. The Confederate victory at the Battle of Cold Harbor.

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**6. The \_\_\_\_ system emerged during Reconstruction as a new form of economic entrapment that largely replaced the plantation system for African Americans in the South.**

- A. Industrialization
- B. Sharecropping
- C. Mercantilism
- D. Homesteading

**7. The 'Ex Parte Merryman' case involved a challenge to President Lincoln's suspension of the writ of habeas corpus during the Civil War.**

- A. True
- B. False

**8. What was the primary purpose of the 'Ironclad Oath' proposed during the Reconstruction era?**

- A. To ensure that all Southern soldiers were pardoned immediately.
- B. To force Southerners to swear they had never voluntarily supported the Confederacy.
- C. To create a secret society to protect the rights of freedmen.
- D. To formalize the transition of the U.S. Navy from wood to ironclad ships.

**9. The \_\_\_\_ of 1850 included the Fugitive Slave Act, which radicalized many Northerners and increased the influence of the abolitionist movement.**

- A. Wilmot Proviso
- B. Missouri Compromise
- C. Compromise
- D. Ostend Manifesto

**10. The 15th Amendment successfully ended all forms of disenfranchisement for African American men immediately upon its ratification in 1870.**

- A. True
- B. False