

Name: _____ Date: _____

Courageous Citizens: Civil Rights Chronicles for Sixth Grade

Students analyze pivotal protests and legal arguments to evaluate how local grassroots activism transformed national federal policy.

1. In 1960, four college students in Greensboro, North Carolina, utilized a specific form of nonviolent protest at a Woolworth's lunch counter. What was this method called?

- A. A walk-out
- B. A sit-in
- C. A boycott
- D. A picket line

2. The 1963 _____ campaign used children and students to protest segregation in Alabama, leading to international outrage when police used fire hoses on them.

- A. Atlanta
- B. Birmingham
- C. Nashville
- D. Memphis

3. True or False: The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) was primarily led by older, established politicians rather than young activists.

- A. True
- B. False

4. Septima Clark is often called the 'Grandmother of the Civil Rights Movement' because she focused on which strategy for empowerment?

- A. Armed self-defense
- B. International diplomacy
- C. Literacy and Citizenship Schools
- D. Religious conversion

5. The _____ Summer of 1964 was a volunteer campaign aimed at registering as many African American voters as possible in Mississippi.

- A. Justice
- B. Liberty
- C. Freedom
- D. Equality

6. How did the 24th Amendment specifically help advance civil rights in the United States?

- A. It lowered the voting age to 18
- B. It abolished the use of poll taxes in federal elections

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- C. It guaranteed women the right to vote
- D. It ended segregation in public parks

7. True or False: The Civil Rights Movement only sought to change laws in the Southern states.

- A. True
- B. False

8. Daisy Bates was a journalist and activist best known for her role in coordinating which major event?

- A. The integration of Central High School in Little Rock
- B. The founding of the Black Panther Party
- C. The passage of the 19th Amendment
- D. The invention of the 'Freedom Bus'

9. The ____ Democratic Freedom Party was formed in 1964 to challenge the all-white official state delegation at the Democratic National Convention.

- A. Alabama
- B. Georgia
- C. Mississippi
- D. Louisiana

10. True or False: Bayard Rustin, a key advisor to Dr. King, was the main organizer of the 1963 March on Washington for Jobs and Freedom.

- A. True
- B. False