

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Nail the Map: 11th Grade Geopolitics Mastery Quiz

Spatial reasoning, resource distribution, and territorial sovereignty — fundamental concepts for understanding how physical geography dictates international power dynamics.

---

**1. Which term describes a narrow, strategic waterway that can be closed or blocked to stop sea traffic, such as the Strait of Gibraltar?**

- A. Archipelago
- B. Chokepoint
- C. Buffer State
- D. Enclave

**2. Landlocked countries, such as Bolivia or Kazakhstan, often face significant economic disadvantages because they lack direct access to maritime trade routes.**

- A. True
- B. False

**3. The concept of \_\_\_\_\_ refers to a country's ability to exert influence beyond its borders using its geographic location or resource wealth.**

- A. Soft Power
- B. Geopolitical Leverage
- C. Isolationism
- D. Demographic Transition

**4. Which of these is a classic example of a 'Buffer State,' a country situated between two larger, potentially hostile powers to prevent conflict?**

- A. Australia
- B. Nepal (situated between India and China)
- C. Brazil
- D. Madagascar

**5. The 'Heartland Theory' suggests that whoever controls the coastal 'Rimland' of Eurasia is destined to rule the world.**

- A. True
- B. False

**6. The struggle for control over the \_\_\_\_\_ basin involves Turkey, Syria, and Iraq, as all three nations rely on these rivers for agriculture and power.**

- A. Amazon
- B. Mississippi
- C. Tigris-Euphrates

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

D. Danube

**7. What is the primary reason the 'Northwest Passage' through the Canadian Arctic has become a major geopolitical talking point recently?**

- A. Discovery of gold in the 1800s
- B. Melting ice creating new, shorter trade routes
- C. A total ban on fishing in the area
- D. The construction of a bridge to Russia

**8. Exclusive Economic Zones (EEZs) allow a country to claim resources, such as fish or minerals, up to 200 nautical miles from its coast.**

- A. True
- B. False

**9. In geopolitics, a \_\_\_\_\_ boundary is one that is drawn on a map by an outside power without regard to the existing cultural or ethnic landscape.**

- A. Natural
- B. Superimposed
- C. Relic
- D. Antecedent

**10. Control of the 'Golan Heights' is a major geopolitical issue between Israel and Syria primarily because of its:**

- A. Abundant oil reserves
- B. Dense urban population
- C. Strategic high ground and water sources
- D. Large-scale manufacturing plants