

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## When Constitutions Clash: 10th Grade Comparative Government Global Audit

Sophomores move beyond simple definitions to analyze executive accountability and power distribution within the Mexican, Japanese, and Iranian political frameworks.

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**1. In the Japanese political system, which body holds the 'supreme power of the state' and is responsible for electing the Prime Minister, distinguishing it from a presidential system?**

- A. The House of Councilors
- B. The National Diet
- C. The Supreme Court of Japan
- D. The Imperial Household Agency

**2. In Mexico, the principle of 'No Reelección' prevents the \_\_\_\_\_ from serving more than one six-year term (sexenio) to avoid the return of a dictatorship.**

- A. Prime Minister
- B. Supreme Court Justice
- C. President
- D. Governor

**3. In a semi-presidential system, such as France, both a president and a prime minister are active participants in the day-to-day administration of the state.**

- A. True
- B. False

**4. Which institution in Iran's theocratic government has the power to veto legislation passed by the Majlis (Parliament) if it is deemed incompatible with Islamic law?**

- A. The Assembly of Experts
- B. The Revolutionary Guard
- C. The Guardian Council
- D. The Strategic Council on Foreign Relations

**5. While the United States is a federal system, \_\_\_\_\_ is a notable example of a unitary state where the central government in Tokyo retains the majority of legislative and fiscal authority.**

- A. Switzerland
- B. Japan
- C. Australia
- D. India

**6. In a parliamentary system, a 'Vote of No Confidence' is a formal mechanism used by the legislature to remove the executive leader from power.**

- A. True

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B. False

**7. How does the role of the 'Head of State' differ between a Constitutional Monarchy like Spain and an Absolute Monarchy like Oman?**

- A. In Spain, the monarch is elected by the people.
- B. In Oman, the monarch has no involvement in daily policy.
- C. In Spain, the monarch is largely ceremonial with symbolic power.
- D. In Oman, the monarch must follow the decisions of an independent parliament.

**8. A political system characterized by a single party that dominates all aspects of social, economic, and political life through coercion and ideology is known as \_\_\_\_.**

- A. Pluralism
- B. Totalitarianism
- C. Confederalism
- D. Libertarianism

**9. In the Russian Federation, the President is the Head of State, while the Prime Minister serves as the Head of Government.**

- A. True
- B. False

**10. Which of the following is a key feature of a 'Federal' system that distinguishes it from a 'Unitary' system?**

- A. The presence of a written constitution.
- B. A single legislative chamber.
- C. Constitutionally protected power-sharing between national and regional levels.
- D. The requirement of a king or queen to act as a figurehead.