

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Key: Shattered Union, Reconstructed Rights: 7th Grade History Quiz

Evaluate the legislative friction of the Wade-Davis Bill and the radical shift of the 15th Amendment during the nation's most fragile rebuilding phase.

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**1. The 'Ironclad Oath' was a key component of the Wade-Davis Bill. Why did this requirement make Reconstruction significantly harder for former Confederates to navigate?**

**Answer:** A) It required voters to swear they had never voluntarily supported the Confederacy.

The Wade-Davis Bill's Ironclad Oath was designed by Radical Republicans to ensure that only those who remained loyal to the Union during the war could participate in new state governments, effectively barring almost all former Confederate leaders.

**2. The \_\_\_\_\_ of 1867 divided the South into five military districts, each governed by a Union general to oversee the protection of civil rights.**

**Answer:** C) Military Reconstruction Act

The Military Reconstruction Act was a response to Southern resistance; it bypassed local civilian governments and used the U.S. Army to enforce federal law and register voters.

**3. The 15th Amendment specifically granted women the right to vote alongside formerly enslaved men during Reconstruction.**

**Answer:** B) False

While the 15th Amendment prohibited denying the right to vote based on 'race, color, or previous condition of servitude,' it did not include gender, leading to a significant split in the suffrage movement.

**4. Which specific economic system replaced slavery in the South, often trapping freedmen in a cycle of debt that closely resembled the labor conditions of the past?**

**Answer:** C) Sharecropping

Sharecropping allowed white landowners to control labor by providing land and tools in exchange for a portion of the crop, but high interest rates on supplies often left laborers permanently in debt.

**5. In 1870, \_\_\_\_\_ became the first African American to serve in the U.S. Senate, representing the state of Mississippi.**

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**Answer:** B) Hiram Revels

Hiram Revels' election was a landmark moment of Radical Reconstruction, signaling the newfound political power of African Americans in the South before the era of Jim Crow.

**6. The primary goal of the 'Redeemers' in the 1870s was to support the Radical Republican agenda and expand the power of the Freedmen's Bureau.**

**Answer:** B) False

The 'Redeemers' were a white Southern political coalition that sought to oust Radical Republicans and restore the social and political order of the pre-war South.

**7. What was the strategic significance of the CSS Virginia and the USS Monitor during the Civil War?**

**Answer:** B) Their battle marked the transition from wooden ships to ironclads.

The battle of the ironclads changed naval warfare forever, rendering wooden fleets obsolete and demonstrating the industrial power being applied to the conflict.

**8. The \_\_\_\_\_ was a political crisis resolved by an informal agreement that effectively traded the Presidency (to Rutherford B. Hayes) for the end of military occupation in the South.**

**Answer:** D) Compromise of 1877

The Compromise of 1877 settled the disputed 1876 election but is widely viewed as the 'Great Betrayal' because it withdrew the federal troops protecting freedmen's rights.

**9. President Andrew Johnson was impeached by the House of Representatives primarily for his violation of the Tenure of Office Act.**

**Answer:** A) True

Johnson was impeached after he fired Secretary of War Edwin Stanton without Senate approval, though the underlying cause was his constant clashing with Radical Republicans over Reconstruction policy.

**10. Analyze the impact of the 'Exodusters' moving to Kansas in 1879. What was their primary motivation for leaving the South?**

**Answer:** B) To escape the rising violence and loss of rights after Reconstruction ended.

Led by figures like Benjamin 'Pap' Singleton, the Exodusters were African Americans fleeing the post-Reconstruction South to seek safety and economic independence in the 'promised land' of Kansas.

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