

Name: _____ Date: _____

Answer Key: Shatter the Persona: 11th Grade Psychology Power Challenge

Synthesize complex behavioral drivers across 10 rigorous items involving Eysenck's dimensions, Horney's neuroses, and Mischel's situational analysis.

1. A CEO maintains a rigid, perfectionistic workspace and demands absolute compliance from subordinates to manage deep-seated anxieties about helplessness. Which of Karen Horney's neurotic trends is most likely being exhibited?

Answer: B) Moving against people

Horney's 'moving against' trend involves a need for power, prestige, and control over others as a protective mechanism against basic anxiety.

2. Walter Mischel's 'Person-Situation' debate challenged trait theory by suggesting that _____ is the primary determinant of behavior in specific contexts.

Answer: B) Situational specificity

Mischel argued that behavior is not consistent across all settings but is instead highly dependent on the specific situation or environment.

3. According to Hans Eysenck's biological perspective, an individual high in Psychoticism is likely to be characterized by high levels of empathy and conventionality.

Answer: B) False

In Eysenck's PEN model, Psychoticism is associated with aggression, impulsivity, and a lack of empathy or 'tough-mindedness'.

4. Which assessment method is uniquely designed to bypass the 'social desirability bias' of self-report inventories by utilizing ambiguous stimuli to tap into the unconscious?

Answer: B) Thematic Apperception Test (TAT)

The TAT is a projective test that requires individuals to interpret ambiguous scenes, revealing hidden emotions and internal conflicts.

5. Gordon Allport categorized traits that dominate an entire person's life, such as 'Mother Teresa's altruism,' as _____ traits.

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Answer: C) Cardinal

Cardinal traits are powerful, pervasive characteristics that define a person's life; they are rare and often become synonymous with the individual's name.

6. Julian Rotter's concept of 'Locus of Control' posits that individuals with an external locus believe their own efforts primarily determine their outcomes.

Answer: B) False

An external locus of control is the belief that chance or outside forces determine one's fate; an internal locus is the belief that one controls their own destiny.

7. A student consistently studies hard for every exam because they believe intellectual achievement is the pinnacle of human existence. This singular focus on personal meaning and choice aligns most closely with which perspective?

Answer: C) Existentialism

Existential psychology (linked to humanism) focuses on individual agency, free will, and the search for meaning in one's personal development.

8. Raymond Cattell used a statistical technique called _____ to reduce thousands of personality descriptors down to 16 primary source traits.

Answer: B) Factor Analysis

Factor analysis is a statistical procedure that identifies clusters of related items to uncover the underlying structure of personality.

9. In the context of personality assessment, 'Validity' refers to the consistency with which a test yields the same results over time.

Answer: B) False

Validity is the extent to which a test measures what it claims to measure. Consistency over time is referred to as 'Reliability'.

10. A researcher finds that identical twins reared apart have more similar scores on Extraversion than fraternal twins reared together. This evidence supports which paradigm?

Answer: B) Behavioral Genetics

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Behavioral genetics uses twin and adoption studies to determine the heritability of personality traits versus environmental influence.