

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Modern US History Analysis for 9th Grade

Geopolitical synthesis, domestic policy evaluation, and technological disruption — students analyze the complex shifts defining America's role in the 21st-century global landscape.

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**1. How did the 1978 Camp David Accords fundamentally alter the geopolitical landscape of the Middle East during the Carter administration?**

- A. They established a permanent military alliance between the US and Iran.
- B. They produced the first peace treaty between Israel and an Arab nation (Egypt).
- C. They successfully ended the OPEC oil embargo and stabilized global prices.
- D. They resulted in the immediate withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan.

**2. The concept of 'Stagflation' in the 1970s challenged traditional Keynesian economics because it combined high unemployment with high inflation simultaneously.**

- A. True
- B. False

**3. What was the primary objective of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), implemented in 1994, regarding US domestic industry?**

- A. To impose high tariffs on Canadian and Mexican agricultural imports.
- B. To nationalize the telecommunications industry across North America.
- C. To eliminate trade barriers to stimulate continental move of goods and services.
- D. To mandate a uniform minimum wage for all North American factory workers.

**4. The \_\_\_\_ Doctrine, emerging after 2001, emphasized 'preemptive strikes' against perceived threats to national security, marking a shift from Cold War-era containment.**

- A. Clinton
- B. Reagan
- C. Bush
- D. Obama

**5. Evaluate the 1992 Los Angeles Riots: Which event served as the immediate catalyst for the civil unrest, highlighting deep-seated racial tensions in the justice system?**

- A. The passage of the 1994 Crime Bill.
- B. The acquittal of officers involved in the Rodney King beating.
- C. The implementation of the 'Stop and Frisk' policy.
- D. D

**6. The 1986 Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) granted legal status to millions of undocumented immigrants while also introducing penalties for employers who hired them.**

- A. True

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B. False

**7. In the 21st century, the \_\_\_\_\_ movement (starting in 2011) protested economic inequality and the influence of corporations on government, using the slogan 'We are the 99%.'**

- A. Tea Party
- B. Occupy Wall Street
- C. Civil Rights
- D. Moral Majority

**8. How did the 1996 Telecommunications Act change the American media landscape, according to critics of corporate consolidation?**

- A. It established the first federal grants for social media startups.
- B. It mandated that basic internet access be a free public utility.
- C. It deregulated ownership, allowing a few large companies to control many media outlets.
- D. It banned all advertising aimed at children under the age of thirteen.

**9. Under the concept of 'New Federalism,' the Nixon and Reagan administrations sought to transfer more power and funding from the states back to the federal government.**

- A. True
- B. False

**10. The \_\_\_\_\_ Protocol, though not ratified by the US Senate under the Clinton or Bush administrations, was an early international attempt to combat global climate change.**

- A. Geneva
- B. Warsaw
- C. Kyoto
- D. Helsinki