

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Key: Dissect Academic Integrity: Your College Research & Citation Challenge

Scrutinize scholarly sources and resolve complex attribution dilemmas in this high-level assessment of citation ethics and synthesis.

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**1. When synthesizing the 'Great Man Theory' of history as posited by Thomas Carlyle with modern social history critiques, which citation approach most effectively avoids 'patchwriting'?**

**Answer:** B) Substantially re-characterizing the core arguments in your own prose and providing a parenthetical citation.

Effective synthesis requires the researcher to internalize the concepts and express them in entirely new phrasing (scaffolding cognitive ownership) while still attributing the intellectual property to the original author.

**2. True or False: In rigorous academic research, 'secondary citations' (citing a source that you found within another source) should be used as the primary method for building a literature review whenever the original text is difficult to locate.**

**Answer:** B) False

Scholarly integrity requires visiting the 'primary' source whenever possible to ensure the original author's intent hasn't been misrepresented by the secondary interpreter.

**3. When evaluating the credibility of an open-access journal, a researcher should investigate the \_\_\_\_\_ to ensure the publication isn't 'predatory.'**

**Answer:** C) Peer-review board credentials

Evaluating the expertise and institutional affiliations of the editorial board is a key evaluation metric in determining the validity of scientific or academic publishing.

**4. You are writing a paper on the socio-economic impacts of the 'Tulip Mania' in 17th-century Netherlands. You find a blog post by a venture capitalist. Why might this source fail the 'Authority' test in the CRAAP analysis framework?**

**Answer:** A) The author may lack formal training in Dutch history or specialized economic historiography.

Authority is determined by the author's credentials and expertise specifically relevant to the subject matter being researched.

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**5. Under the Chicago Manual of Style (Notes and Bibliography), what is the primary purpose of using 'Ibid.' (or shortened citations in newer editions) in footnotes?**

**Answer:** B) To refer to a source cited in the immediately preceding note.

Ibid. is an abbreviation of the Latin 'ibidem,' meaning 'in the same place,' used to streamline citations when referencing the same source consecutively.

**6. If a researcher utilizes a Large Language Model (LLM) to organize their raw data, the ethical researcher must \_\_\_\_\_ the use of the AI tool in their methodology section.**

**Answer:** C) Disclose

Modern academic standards (formative assessment of ethics) require transparency regarding the tools and processes used to manipulate or analyze data.

**7. True or False: In APA 7th edition, the Digital Object Identifier (DOI) is preferred over a URL for electronic journal articles because it provides a persistent, permanent link to the content.**

**Answer:** A) True

DOIs are unique alphanumeric strings that ensure the reader can find the exact source even if the website URL changes.

**8. Which scenario constitutes 'self-plagiarism' in a university setting?**

**Answer:** C) Submitting a paper you wrote for a Freshman course to satisfy a Senior capstone requirement without permission.

Academic integrity policies generally prohibit 'double-dipping'—receiving credit twice for the same intellectual effort without explicit instructor approval.

**9. When archival research yields a private letter with no clear copyright holder, the researcher must navigate \_\_\_\_\_ laws before publishing the full text.**

**Answer:** A) Fair Use

Fair Use is a complex legal doctrine that allows limited use of copyrighted material without permission for purposes such as criticism, news reporting, teaching, and research.

**10. True or False: An annotated bibliography is strictly a list of citations; including personal evaluation or analysis of the source's utility violates the standard format.**

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**Answer:** B) False

The defining feature of an 'annotated' bibliography is the descriptive and evaluative paragraph (the annotation) following each citation.